Edward M. Shepard of Kings county and his friends, Internal Revenue Collector A. Augustus Healy, S. Percy Sturgis, J. Warren Green, C. James Edwards, and Charles J. Patterson, arrived late to-night, and are the companions of the Farehild Democrats at the Windsor.

They talked behind closed doors to-night, but said that the consultation was without importance and informal. The Kings County antis want recognition in the Convention and on the new State Committee as well as the Fairchild Democrats.

The Shepard Demograts are to a man in favor of William J. Gaynor for Governor, as are the delegates of the regular organization of Kings

There is to be a meeting of the Democratic State Committee at the Grand Union on Monday night, at which Chairman Edward Murphy will retire, to be succeeded by James W. Hinckley of Poughkeepale.

Lieut,-Gov. Sheehan says that after the candidate for Governor is nominated here he will retire as Chairman of the State Campaign Committee, on the ground that the candidate of the Convention, according to precedent, shall name the man who is to run his campaign.

JEDON GAYNOR IN POUGHKEEPSIE. Ma Regelves Many Cullers and Says He to Not a Candidate for Governor. POUGHKREESIE, Sept. 22,-Judge William J.

Gaynor left here on the 4 o'clock train for New York to take the Long Island Railroad to-mor-rew merning for Riverhead, L. I., where he has to open a term of court early on Monday morning. His day here was a busy one. At the hotel hg was frequently called to the long-dis-takes telephone, and telegrams to him followed each other in quick succession. He also had many callers, most of them bearing no resemblance to politicians. On his alighting from the train last evening he was three gentlemen who had got off the cast bound train and were evidently waiting for him, He talked with them on the platform for some time, and, leaving them there, he quietly walked up to the Nelson House. There he found a bundle of despatches and several newspaper reporters awaiting him. As he read despatches he parried the newspaper men's stions, but said that he was not a candidate for Governor. Several men called later and were shown to his room, which remained lighted until after 1 o'clock. Many plain-looking people saited in the hotel corridor and on the street this morning to see him, and several went up ok hands with him. One old man shook hands and said: "Mr. Gaynor, we want you to run for Gov

The Judge smiled and said: "I notice people like to call me "mister," although I am a Judge I fear I do not look like a Judge."

He sat hearing arguments in court till noon. Before leaving the courtroom he talked some time with District Attorney Hufcut, who after

Before leaving the courtroom he talked some time with District Attorney Hufcut, who afterward said that he did not believe the Judge would run for Governor.

"Why," said Mr. Hufcut, "he has a growing family of children; besides, he has supported his father's household in Oneida county for many years. He is not wealthy, and was beginning to make money in his practice when he was put upon the bench. He had a large practice, and it would have made him well off. He had 20 give all of that up to go on the bench, and now to run for Governor he would have to resign as Judge and would be left without any income. I believe he would do it as a matter of duty if it was demanded of him. His courage is great. Ex-Judge Barnard save that the courage he exhibited in attacking McKane's Gravesend combination has not been excelled since Cromwell."

No one here who has seen the Judge's mind on the Governorship, but the general belief is that he sincerely does not want torun.

This afternoom Judge Gayner had a conference at the Nelson House with Mr. James W. Hinckley, who is named as the successor of Senator Murphy as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. The conference lasted about a half as hour, and from what could be learned was one of several conferences held during the day. When asked what was discussed at the conference, Mr. Hinckley replied:

"Oh, only things of scneral interest. The conference has no significance. I always meet Judge Gayner when he comes to Poughkeepsle to hold-ourt, and I see no reason why I should not call on him now as at any other time."

In suswer to a query as to Mr. Gaynor's availability as a nominee for Governor, Mr. Hinckley and

said:
"I think he would make a first-rate candi-date."

KINGS COUNTY DELEGATION.

Representatives of the Reorganized De racy at Saratoga, The Assembly conventions of the regular and reorganized Democracy of Kings county for the choice of delegates to the Saratoga Convention

were held last night. The old leaders or "The Willoughby Street Macpine," as they have been stigmatized by the Shepard revolters, had no hand whatever in making out any slates, and the delegates elected represent the untrammelled choice of the 40,000 or more regularly enrolled Democratic electors

This is the list of the delegates elected, and it will be observed that it contains, in addition to a few old and trusted leaders, an unusually large quantity of new blood: First District—Gen. Horatio C. King, Martin Con-elly, John F. Malion. Second—John T. Breen, John L. Whalen, Dr. H. F. Second John T. Breen, John L. Whalen, Dr. B. F. Lungs, Third-Ex-Sheriff John Courtney, John Casey, and Alderman John Gullfoyle. Fourth.-Register James Kane, Patrick Keady, Wm. 4. Hartse-Fifth-Thomas A. Beard, James D. Ball, Patrick A.

Sixth-Robert F. Biohm, Henry Hertenburg, Wm. Arventh-W. Hughes, Bernard J. York, Bartholemew Panisigan.

Eighth Senator Michael J. Coffey, Charles E. Den-nin, Asigrman Franz Hennessey.

Ninth Senator Patrick H. McCarren, John D. Walsh,

Patrick Hayes.
Teath—Thomas F. Farrell, Richard Carroll, Edward Gleingon.
Mieventh—Assemblyman George H. Lindsay, Police Justice William Watson, and Alderman Theodore daurer.
Twelfth-Christopher J. Capper, Matthew Kennedy,
Patrick Keely.

Twelfth-Christopher J. Capper, Matthew Kennedy, Patrick Reelly.

Theregalls-Henry A. Young, James McDonaid. Charles Miller.

Fourteeath-John Gallagher, Donaid F. Ayres, Travis B. Manfield.

Fifteenth-John I. Shea, Assemblyman Walter L. Brack, Henry Nieland.

Ratesuith-Henry Oeborne, John G. Carter, William C. Ryan.

Reenteenth-John Maguire, E. B. Newman. John V. Eberth.

Laphasenth-Folico Justics Adolph Goetting, Henry Clause, Richard J., Connor.

There are the delegates to the Judiciary Convenients, which is to nominate a successor to Justice Cullen in the Second Judiciary district:

W. N. Dykman, Arthur C. Salmen, Thomas F. Mag-W. N. Dykman, Arthur C. Salmon, Thomas F. Mag-wf, John. Dalmar, John Kelly, A. J. Buyd, Lake D. Appeton, Don C. Setts, Theodore Burgmeyer, J. Blott Hodgskine, James Quidley, David Parge, Fella Doyle, Andrew Beck, Michael F. Mctoudren, Barles C. Flak, Robert Stewart, Frank Carrott.

RAMMANY'S CONVENTION TRAINS. 1,360 of the Braves to go to Saratogs

Thirty parlor cars and two day coaches will take the Tammany Hall delegatian to Saratoga to morrow to attend the Democratic State Cop Arrangements have been made to transport 1,250 of the braves, and three trains a sections of one train will be required to do it. The first section, composed of ten parlor cars and a coach, will leave the Grand Central Station promptly at noon under the direction of James W. Bayle as conductor, and will convey the delegations from the Sixteenth. Twenty first, Twenty-third, Ninth, Eighth, Thirteenth, Tenth, Fourteenth, and First Assembly districts. The delegation from the latter district

promises to be so big that two parior cars have been provided for it.

The minutes after the departure of the first section the second is scheduled to leave. George W. Plunkitt will be conductor of this train for Tammany Hall. Like the first section, it will consist of ten parior cars and a coach. The delegations transported in this section will be those of the Eighteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Fittenth, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-second, Twentieth, Twenty-fighth, Twenty-sighth, and Thirtieth Assembly districts. This section

will stop at Mott Haven for the delegations from the three last named districts.

The delegations from the Twenty-seventh, Twenty-lifth, Twenty-sixth, Fourth, Third, Second, Eleventh, Twelfth, Fifth, and Sixth Assembly districts will travel in the third section, which will leave only ten minutes behind the second, and will be in charge of Folice Justice William H. Burke. Ten parlor cars will compose this last section.

The advance quard of Tammany Hall second

compose this last section.

The advance guard of Tammany Hall, composed of Mayor Gilroy, Congressman Cockran Corporation Counsel Clark, District Attorney Fellows, President Cram of the Dock Department, John F. Carroll, and Senator Cantor started, for Saratoga yesterday morning. Most of these gentlemen will consult with other leaders of the Democracy of the State regarding the availability of candidates.

NO ADMINISTRATION CANDIDATE. Secretary Lamont Says that Gray Cables
18 Not Interfering at Saratoga.

Secretary of War Lamont, who stopped over Friday in the city on the way from Gray Gables, returned to Washington yesterday. He smiled at stories set affoat that he had brought some message for use at Saratoga.
"The Administration has no candidate for

other place."
The Secretary said that he had had no consultation with politicians while in the city.

PASSETT AND HAIGHT HERE.

Chains No Longer Heard to Rattle-The

Candidate Sees Mr. Platt. Jabob Sloat Passett had sufficiently recovered from the shock his nervous system received from the "rattle of the chains" which he heard just after the nemination of Levi P. Morton for overnor to be able to come to bown yesterday, was accompanied by John W. Dwight of Dryden, who managed his fight for delegates at Saratoga.

"I have come," said he, "to offer my services to the Republican State Committee on the stump or otherwise in behalf of the ticket. I am ready to do everything that lies in my power to secure its election. I consider it an exceedingly strong one, and am satisfied that it will surely win." about those rattling chains, Mr.

"Now, about those rattling chains, Mr. Fassett?"

"Well, a fellow will say things in the heat of disappointment, you know. But I didn't make that remark expecting to see it published."

Supreme Court Justice Albert Haight, the Republican candidate for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals, slipped into town from Buffalo on Friday night, had a short conference with Mr. Thomas C. Platt at the Imperial Hotel, and departed for his Erle county home early yesterday norning.

Chairman Warner Milier of the late Republican Convention has named the following committee to notify Mr. Morton and his associates on the ticket of their choice by the Convention: Gen. Charles H. T. Collis, Senator Lexow, George C. Buell. Timothy C. Elisworth, Francis Hendricks, Col. S. Van Rensselaer Cruzer, Edward Ellis, and Col. Archie Baxter. The date and place of notification have not been decided on.

A MAN IS LOOKING FOR OLLIE. He's a Deputy Sheriff with an Execution.

Oliver Sumner Teall wasn't about in the Sec and Assembly district last night, and for that reason this story tells one side of the only. Information comes from the Sheriff's office that Deputy Sheriff Wolf has received an execution against Mr. Teall for \$1,431 in favor of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, balance due on a judgment obtained by the company on March 26, 1891, for rent of office at 120 Broadway. Mr. Teall could not be found to tell his side.

At Sweeney's Hetel, where he has been sleep-

ing, the clerk was asked when he usually got in. "Probably 2 or 3 b'olock, or possibly at 1. He sleeps here, that's all. Tried the place across the street?" across the street?"

Three men were drinking beer at that place. They knew Mr. Teall. He hadn't been there, and he probably was in the club rooms overhead. The reporter found there three pictures of Levi P. Morton, a picture of T. C. Platt, and three men playing cutthroat euchre.

"Has Mr. Teall been here to night?"

"No," said the dealer. "Try Gavin's."

Gavin's is a retreat for the thirsty at Chambers and Centre streets.

and Centre streets.
"No," said the bartender. "Try Sweeney."
This seemed to exhaust the list of Mr. Teall's
down-town resorts, and the search had to be
abandoned.

NO NOMINATIONS THIS WEEK. Four Anti-Tammany County Conventions to

Adjourn for Conference. At least four City and County Conventions

vill be held in this city this week by as many political organizations, but it is well understood that not a solitary candidate will be named. Two of the Conventions will be held on Tuesday night, that of the Good Government Clubs at Hardman Hall, Nineteenth street and Fifth ave nue, and that by the Anti-Tammany (O'Brien) Democracy at the Lyceum Opera House in East Thirty-fourth street. On Thursday evening the

Thirty-fourth street. On Thursday evening the Republicans will hold their Convention in Cooper Union, and the Independent County Organization will get its delegates together at the same place the next evening.

According to the present programme every one of these conventions will appoint a committee to confer with Charless Stewart Smith's Executive Committee of the Committee of Seventy.

The friends of William B. Ellison, to the number of 115 are out with a printed circular favoring his nomination for Mayor. Mr. Ellison is a young lawyer, a Tammany man, and a resident of the Twenty-third Assembly district, which he represented one term in the Assembly, Among Mr. Ellison's endorsers are William E. Tefft, Meyer Jonasson, A. J. Cammeyer, Charles L. Burnham, and Isaac A. Hopper. They do not specify whether they want Mr. Ellison nominated as a Tammany or a fusion candidate.

BOLT IN ROCKLAND COUNTY. Two Sets of Delegates Chosen to the Demo cratic State Convention.

NYACK, Sept. 22.—The Democrats of Rockland county turned out to-day in large numbers at their County Convention to elect delegates to the State, Congress, and Judiciary Conventions The cause of the unusual gathering was a bitter strife between the Hill and anti-Hill factions resulting in a bolt and the placing in the field of two sets of delegates to the State Convention. Ex-Assemblyman Frank P. Demarcst yesterday obtained a mandamus from the Suprem-Court to compel the election to be held by hal lot, and after the Convention was called to order this afternoon by Nicholas Murphy, Chair-man of the County Committee, the mandamus was served upon that gentleman. Mr. Murphy spurned the mandamus, and refused to pay any attention to it.

A division of the house was then called on the election of permanent Chairman of the Convention, there being two candidates, Anthony Fox of Haverstraw and George A. Wiere of Nyack. Fox was elected as representing the anti-Hill Democrats, and the other branch of the Jarty bolted, on the ground that Fox's election was filegal, because the mandamus of the Supreme Court ordering a ballot had not been entertained. The regular Convention then proceeded with its work, and elected as delegates to the State Convention ex-Assemblyman Thomas Finegan, William R. Thompson, and Richard S. Harvey, known to be anti-Hill.

The bolters held a senarate convention and elected to the State Convention Frank P. Demarest of Nyack, Michael McCabe of Haverstraw, and Robert H. M. Dickinson of Nyack. These three gentlemen represent the Hill branch of the Bemocracy. Both delegations will present their claims to the State Convention, and a lively contest is expected. election of permanent Chairman of the Conven-

Woman Suffragiets in Saratoga. SARATOGA, Sept. 22.-Among the most distinguished guests now here are Lady Somerset, Susan B. Authony, and Frances Willard. Last evening each of these famous women spoke before a large assemblage of people, expressing their views chiefly upon woman suffrage, touch-ing incidentally upon temperance reform. Miss

ing incidentally upon temperance reform. Miss Authony said that if the people of this country would secure the best legislation, such as would advance the spiritual, social, political, and industrial interests of all, they can best do so by giving the women the privilege of casting their votes on the side of right and justice.

Francis Williard fully endorsed Miss Anthony's views.

Lady Somerset, introduced by Miss Anthony, was received with generous applause. Lady somerset's voice is clear and musical, her face a glow of aunshine, and her manner most charming. She said that the success of this movement in behalf of equal suffrage cannot be long deferred, for much of the spirit of antagenism which used to be brought to bear upon it has been overcome. The movement has also been removed from the realm of ridicule—the home for a long time—because men like Mr. Gladstone in England and judicial dignitaries of this land have given the subject more sarnost consideration.

OWENS MADE THE NOMINEE

NAMED OFFICIALLY AS THE CAN-DIDATE OVER COL. BRECKINRIDGE.

The District Committee Announces Ris Plurality as 255-An Attempt to Redect On Judge Controll Resented by Owens. LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 22,-The Democratic District Committee met at Frankfort to-day and declared William C. Owens the nominee for Congress, with a plurality of 255 votes over Col. Breckinridge.

This was the way the vote was announced; Oteens. 1,104 1,829 1,769 1,518 291 409 108 814 County. Totals 8,074 7,819 Owens's plurality, 258.

The Colonel fought a bitter fight before the committee through his close friend, Com-mitteeman P. H. Johnston, Major Johnston did succeed in having the com-mittee adopt a resolution reflecting on the judicial honor of Judge Cantrell, a warm friend of Mr. Owens, but Mr. Owens refused to accept the nomination at the expense of his friend's honor. The objectionable part of

the resolution was eliminated. It was an exciting day in Lexington and Frankfort. Judge George B. Kinkead, the man who was insulted by Desha Breckinridge and his friend. Matt Lane, yesterday afternoon, went to Frankfort to be present at the meeting of the committee. Neither Desha Breckinridge nor his father went.

They remained in Lexington. Judge Kinkend returned home on the 7 o'clock train to-night and was met at the station by his brother Shelby, who went with him home. It is believed that Shelby had heard some it is believed that Shelby had heard some threats against his brother George to-day or he would not have met him at the station. The Judge has another counger brother. Edwin, and should the Breckinridges attempt to hurt or kill the Judge, his two brothers, it is believed, would exterminate the Breckinridges or die in the attempt. Judge kinkend was caim all day and ready for any emergency.

Kinkead was caim all day and ready for any emergency.

His brother Shelby is the young man who knocked down a physician who had settled in the city, when he made a remark reflecting on the womanhood of Lexington. Edwin is also a man who knows no fear, so that the chances for a high-class Kentucky feud are strong.

Desha Breckinridge spent part of the day in the country and seems to be becoming quieter. James Duane Livingston, the young New Yorker whom Desha cut last night, was on the streets to-day with his hand in a sling.

His wound is doing well. Mr. Livingston said he had always been a friend of Desha's, although he was opposed to his father. He had told Desha that he would have to yote against his father, Mr. Livingston said he had no desire to bring on a difficulty but would much rather avoid one, at the same time had to resent it yesterday when Desha culled him a har.

To New Yorkers, James Duane Livingston, who was stabbed by Desha Breckinridge at Lexington, Ky, on Friday, is known as a gentleman of large build, whose physical apperance would prompt few persons to pick a fight with him. Livingston dates his ancestry back to Chancellor Livingston of colonial fame. The Livingston ramification are more numerous than those of any other New York family. Mr. Livingston was graduated from Columbia College in 1880. He is an enthusiast over college fraternties and is a member of the Delta Phi. He is also a member of the Dota Phi. He is also a member of the Sons of the Revolution, but is not familiarly known in New York clubs.

lution, but is not raminarly shown in Sections.

Mr. Livingston married Miss Mabel Channing Wright, and for a time he lived at New Brighton, S. I. He was at one time engaged in the steel rail business in the West, and lived at Kansas, Edgar county, Ill. Latterly he has been the financial agent in the South for the lanking house of J. Kennedy Tod & Co. Among Mr. Livingston's relations in this city are Cambridge Livingston, Johnston Livingston, Mrs. Maturin Livingston, Maturin L. Pelafield, and John Griswold Livingston. Livingston, Maturin L. Delaffeld, and John Griswold Livingston. Among his connections he counts Mr. and Mrs. George Cavendish Bentinck of England, the Count and Countess de Langier Villard, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills.

CONFERENCES IN ALBANY.

Leading Democrats Call on Senstor Mil and Talk Over the Situation ALBANY, Sept. 22,-Senator David B. Hill was at his office at 8 o'clock this morning and remained there until after 6 o'clock. He had more callers than when he was transacting the duties of Governor in the Executive chamber All day long delegates on their way to the Saratoga Convention dropped in on the Senator. and they all had private audiences. According to the Democratic leaders who were here to-day however, the uncertainty which hangs over the Democratic Gubernatorial situation has not in the least been dispelled by the opinions which were exchanged to-day.

Senator Murphy was with Senator Hill all the Senator Murphy was with Senator Hill all the morning. He had been gone a short time only when Mayor Thomas F. Gilroy, Corporation Counsel William H. Clarke, and Police Commission James H. Martin of New York etty called on Senator Hill and conferred with him and Lieut. Gov. Sheehan, who arrived seom afterward, until nearly 3 o'clock, when all but Senator Hill left for Saratoga. Major Gilroy said that Tammany Hall had no candidate for Governor, but was for the nominee of the Convention.

tion.
Noticeable among Senator Hill's callers to-day
were the Kings county Democratic delegates to
the Constitutional Convention, and nearly all of
them strongly endorsed William J. Gaynor for

IN FAVOR OF GAYNOR.

The Attitude of the Brooklyn Democratic Club on the Governorship.

At a meeting of the Brooklyn Democratic Club last night a resolution was adopted calling on the Saratoga Convention to nominate on the Saratoga Convention to nominate a strong, resolute, and faithful man as a candidate for the theoremorehip.

The name of Justice W. J. Gaynor was received with much favor, but it was the opinion of the majority of the members that it would be impolitic to formally endorse him pending the meeting of the Convention.

A warm admirer of Justice Gaynor insisted on offering a resolution urging Justice Gaynor for the nomination, but after a protracted discussion it was laid on the table by a vote of 21 to 16.

RUSSELL WOULDN'T ACCEPT. The Ex-Governor of Massachusetts Not a Candidate for Office.

Boston, Sept. 22.-Regarding the statement published last evening that it was not impossible hat ex-Gov. Russell might be induced to enter the Congressional contest in the Seventh district

the Congressional contest in the Seventh district against the Hon. W. E. Barrett, Ex-Gov. Russell said to-day:
"I would not accept the nomination under any conditions. I cannot be any more emphatic than that. I am attending now to my professional practice."
"Then you would not accept any office?"
"You may say," said Mr. Russell, "that I would not accept a nomination for any office. I am attending strictly to my professional duties, and intend to continue to do so."

Contesting Belegations from Cawego County. Oswego, N. Y., Sept. 22. Both wings of the Democracy held county and district Conven-tions to-day, the Hill Democrats at Pulaski and the Cleveland wing at Mexico. Two full county tickets were nominated. The Cleveland wing elected these delegates to the State Convention: Elvin J. Potter, Bart Lynch, and C. W. Avery. The Hill Democrats elected the following State delegates: Edward Monan, Louis J. Clark, and George W. Kellogg. Monen is the Chairman of the Cleveland County Committee. Both Conventions adopted resolutions endorsing the administrations of Cleveland and Flower.

Instructed for Frederick Cook

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The Monroe County Second Assembly District Democratic Convention held in this city last night elected William H. Tracy, E. C. Sheridan, and J. M. Nolan delegates to the State Convention, and with great enthusiasm unanimously passed a resolution in favor of ex-Secretary of State Friderick Cook for nomination for Governa and instructing the delegates for him. The Union and Advertier this afternoon booms Mr. Cook.

Scantor Hill a Belegate to Saratogu. ALBANY, Sept. 22.-The regular Democratic rganization and the new Democratic organ zation of Albany county to-day selected delegates in the four Albany Assembly districts for the Democratic State Convention. Senator David H. Hill was selected a delegate to go to Saratoga by both organizations in the Fourth Albany district.

THE A. P. A. IN CONNECTICUE.

Membership of 80,000 Said to Exist There-Politicians Fear Them.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 22.—There are 23,000 members of the American Protective Association in Connecticut, and their influence will be felt in the State and town elections that are to take place within the next two months more than that of any other organization since the old "Know Nothingdays," They have become a tremendous power, and the political leaders submissively bow and acknowledge it. Both the Demeratic and Republican managers realize what can be accomplished by 23,000 voters, for they constitute many thousand more than enough o carry the State for either side. Cleveland's majority in the great Democratic tidal wave of '92 was only about 6,000, and generally neither party has a majority and the Legislature elects the State officers under the constitutional provision that where there is not a majority the election must be referred to that body.

Democrats and Republicans, Prohibitionists and Populists are members of the A. P. A., but the organization favors no political party. The sole aim is to drive Roman Catholics from office, and the bigotry and hatred which some of the members show toward those of that faith makes It unsafe for any party to nominate a candidate belonging to that Church. Great care, therefore used in making nominations, and the

belonging to that Church. Great care, therefore, will be used in making nominations, and the leaders have even decided that it will be unwise to place Irish-Americans on the ticket, whatever their religious faith may be.

The work of establishing lodges of the A. P. A. has been going on secretly for about two years, and now there is scarcely a hamlet in which a lodge of the order does not exist. But so quietly has the work been done that few persons, excepting those interested, have been aware of what was being done. Many of the Protestant clergy are opposed to the organization and publicly condemn its principles, preaching against such unchristianlike societies. Not long ago the Rev. Mr. Austin of the Darien Congregational Church preached a vigorous sermon against the A. P. A., and since then his salary has been reduced, and the Christian harmony that existed between pastor and congregation is so seriously disturbed that many Darien people say that the A. P. A. influence will force the venerable pastor to retire from the church.

The Greenwich Democrats were considering the advisability of nominating Jeremiah Tierney, brother of the Bishop of the Hartford diocese, a talented lawyer, for Judge of Probate, and he had decided to accept the nomination. But, apparently without any reason, Mr. Therney suddenly announced that he was not a candidate. He and his friends evidently realized that he had no chance of an election, as the A. P. A. was sure to make a conspleuous mark of him. The same conditions exist all over the State. Party principles, upright candidates, and every other conditions that usually influences men in the use of their franchise, are entirely ignored or ruthlessly cast saide by the folly resulting from the hatred of the Roman Catholio Church, and desire to crush everything connected with it.

THE A. P. A. TO FRANK HURD. Thanks for His Remarks at the Ohio

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 22. - There is consider able talk here over the scoreling given to the A. P. A. by the Democratic State Convention in tts resolutions and through its chairman the Hon. Frank Hurd of Toledo, on last Wednesday. For a long time it has been known here that the A. P. A. here is nothing more than a political organization, a Republican club. The

political organization, a Republican club. The A. P. A. organization in this city this evening printed the following in an evening paper:
"Resolved. That the sincere thanks of this council are due the Hon. Frank Hurd for the valuable assistance rendered during the session of the Democratic State Convention."

The committee in explanation addressed an open letter to Mr. Hurd, in which they said:
"We beg leave to assure you that in our opinion had you been a member duly appointed for the purpose you could not have done more for the order than you did. For all of which you have our thanks. We regret, however, that you forced your views upon the party, for by so doing you compel thousands of good, honest Democrats, members of the order, to swerve from their allegiance to the party. Ignorance of our principles may be your excuse. We care not what a man's religion may be, but as members of the A. P. A. we purpose seeing that no sect, whether Catholice, Protestant, Infidel, Jew, or Pagan shall lay unlawful hands on our free American institutions. We owe no allegiance to anything but America."

LOUISIANA DEMOCRATS TO FIGHT. They Will Meet the Bolting Pianters in as

Active Canvass. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 22.-The Democrats of Louisiania have recovered from the shock of the sugar planter's bolt and have decided upon giving the planters a vigorous campaign. Foster and the Democratic leaders will hold a conference here to-morrow and decide upon the course to be pursued. The plan will include the renomination of all the Congressmen from the sugar district. Two of these, Messrs, Price and Davey, had determined to retire for personal reasons, but will be induced to run again in the interest of Democratic success. The campalgn will be opened on next Saturday with a mass meeting which is expected to be the largest ever held in the State. An effort will

the largest ever held in the State. An effort will also be made to secure some promise from the President and Democratic leaders that the free sugar bill will not be passed at the winter season and that the bounty for 1804 will be paid. This is for the purpose of preventing aspread of the sugar bolt.

The boiting planters will open their headquarters next week and begin the campaign at once. They have had offers of prominent Republican speakers from the North, but have not accepted them as yet, and are doubtful on this point, fearing that it may arouse some old-time prejudices. Exseaker Reed has been invited to address the Republican voters of New Orleans, and it is understood has accepted, and will open his Southern Presidential campaign here. The nomination by the planters to-day of H. P. Kernochan as their candidate for Congress is recognized as a weak one. Remochan is a rich planter, a Democrat two weeks ago, and held office under Cleveland. He has no political strength or following. The planters wanted to nominate State Senator Extopinal, who is very strong politically, but it was found that his negro record was weak as he voted in the Senate for the Jim Crow car and other bills objectionable to the negroes and he consequently could not get the negro vote. Kernochan was nominated by a committee which nominated him was appointed by himself.

WOULD BAR OUT CLEVELAND, None but Free Sliver Democrats May Speak This Year in Michigan.

DETROIT, Sept. 22.—When the Democratio new State Committee Chairman, Stevenson that none but Free Silver Democrats would be permitted to speak on the stump in Michigan this fall, they rushed to Detroit to reason with Stevenson, who is Don M. Dickinson's law

All day they have argued with him, but Ste venson was not in a listening mood. Editor Rowley of Lansing was one of the most determined antagonists of Stevenmost determined antagonists of Stevenson's position, and as a clincher asked the new Chairman, it is said, if President Cleveland would not be allowed to speak should be come to Michigan. Stevenson replied that not even the Great One would be permitted to talk unless he first promised to talk for free sliver.

Don M. Dickinson is in Washington, and has been telegraphed to come home and straighten matters out. Fisher, the Gubernatorial candidate, is a free sliver man, and Stevenson is a slubborn man, who never yields anything. Those who know him say Partner Dickinson will not be able to move him a particle. The gold Democrats of the State are very angry at Stevenson.

Cleveland's Name Aroused No Enthusiasm Ballston, Sept. 22.-The Saratoga County democratic Convention was held here to-day, all the towns being represented by full and har-monious delegations. The delegates elected to represent Sarstiga county in the State Conven-tion are: George West, Jr., of Ballston, James Mealy of Schuylerville, and Thomas F. Woods or Corinth. Without making any nomination for county officers or for member of Assembly, the Convention adjourned until Friday, Sept. 35. Resolutions were adopted drawn by Postmaster E. P. Howe, endorsing the Administration of Grover Cleveland and approving the attitude and action of Senators Hill and Murphy, The President's name argued no enthusiasm. Hill and Murphy were loudly cheered.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 22.-James G. Spencer was nominated at Canton to-day on the 1,656th was nominated at Canton to-cay on the Losoth ballot. to succeed Charles E. Hooker, Repre-sentative in Congress from the Seventh Missi-sippi district. Spencer is a wealthy farmer and the present member of the Logislature from Claiborne county. He is 40 years old.

The siegant "North Shore Limited" of the New York Central, for Deiroit and Chicago, every day in the year. Life

JAPAN WILLPUSH THE WAR

ARR WILL MAKE EVERY REPORT TO WIN REFORE WINTER SETS IN.

Eighty Thousand More Troops Will Start for the Front Immediately-The Nation Enthustastic and Confident of Victory-Surprise Expressed that It Is so Easy to Disable a Modern War Ship-The Advantage of Past Cratsers Over Battle Ships

LORDON, Sept. 22 .- The Weekly Sun will pubish to-morrow morning the following despatch from Yokohama: " Japan has decided to prosecute the war with

all possible vigor before winter. Orders have een issued for 80,000 more troops to start for the front immediately. Their exact destination is not known. It is generally believed that s great coup is intended. The enthusiasm throughout the nation is un-

bounded. Everywhere troops are received with excited acclamations. Regular railway traffic has been temporarily suspended, the whole railway system being under requisition for military rposes.
The bulk of the troops will go by rail to Hiro-

shima, where the Emperor reviews them before their departure for the seat of war. It is said that every provision has been made for the transportation of troops. Officers and men are elated and confident of victory."

GREATEST NAVAL BATTLE. The Yalu Sea Fight Declared to Be Biggest of the Century,

LONDON, Sept. 22 .- All Europe is devouring eagerly every fresh detail as it comes from the scene of what is now declared to be the greatest naval battle of the century. The interest in the war for the East has been intense, both on the Continent and in England, out the week, Japan's great land vicalthough perhaps more important in deciding the issue between the two countries, commands little attention compared with the first test of modern war vessels it action in the terrific conflict at the mouth of the Yalu River. It is now almost the unanimous opinion of the naval authorities in this country that the advantage in the battle lay on the sid of Japan. To-day's Central News despatch from Tokio is regarded as the most reliable version o the engagement. Some lessons of the conflict may already be drawn from the admitted fact that most of the naval men express surprise that it proved so easy to practically disable a modern war ship. All accounts agree, however, that the battle was fought with such ferocious courage and bravado that many unnecessary risks were run which would not likely be undertaken in an engagement between

ships of the great powers.

Lord Charles Beresford, the ideal British navale ommander, thinks that the battle proves the advantage of fast cruisers over battle ships. I endeavored to obtain some comments on the conflict from Capt. Mahan on the flagship Chicago at Southampton, but that eminent officer was unwilling to venture an opinion upon the meagre information at hand. The only obvious criticism was that if two great fleets be so completely disabled in a single engagement, it is evident that the ultimate victory will be with the power possessing the larger reserve of ships with which to strike before repairs are ef-

The Japanese cause is now, naturally, in strong popular ascendancy in the European capitals. This is characteristically manifested in Paris, where the Chinese Legation is silent and apparently deserted. At the Japanese Legation, which for twenty years has oc cupied a small hotel in the Avenue Marceau. there is great animation. French people of social and other unofficial importance are calling in scores to leave their congratulations. In fact Paris, in its extravagant love of hero worship s bound to make the Japanese the lions of the

In Berlin naval men are of the opinion that the dispute between the two Eastern empires must be decided at sea, and, according to the issue, China or Japan will be the future leading power in the East.

English military men having knowledge of the Corean and Chinese territory think they see clearly Japan's bold and skilful plan of campaign. They believe that the flying column which started north after the capture of Ping-Yang has a different object from the capture of the passes. They point out that the capture of famous Manchu city of Mukden might be decisive of the whole war. This city is a little less than 150 miles in a straight line beyond Wi-Ju, which he Japanese expect to occupy next week.

Mukden is the ancestral home of the reigning family of China. Many are the Emperors buried there. Its capture would be regarded by al Chinese as an indication that the present occupant of the throne is unworthy of Divine protection. Such an omen would do more for the triumph of the Japanese cause than the capture of many ships or Pekin itself.

According to the English Secretary of the Chinese Legation in London we are to be startled soon by a piece of news which he describes as exceeding in importance the late naval battle It was at the Foreign Office yesterday that this tantalizing remark was made, and ever since all who have heard of it have been racking their brains to guess what it may portend. That which finds most favor is the suggestion that it may point to Russian intervention toward stopping the war. By the United Press.

The Times's Shanghai correspondent telegraphs that advices have been received from Themulpo, under date of Sept. 16, saying that a fleet of thirty-two Japanese transports, convoyed by a number of war ships, have arrived there. The transports had on board 7,000 coldiers, 3,000 coolies, and 2,000 park horses. The



N Society women often feel the effect of too much gayety— balls, theatres, and teas in rapid succession find them worn out, or "run-down" by the end of the sea-son. They suffer from nervousness, sleeplessness

spirits take flight. It is time to accept the help offered in Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's a medicine which was discovered and used by a prominent physician for many years in all cases of "female complaint" and the nervous disorders which arise from it. The "Prescription" is a powerful uterine tonic and nervine, especially adapted to woman's delicate wants for it regulates and promotes smile and good

nervine, especially adapted to woman's delicate wants for it regulates and promotes all the natural functions, builds up, invigorates and cures.

Many women suffer from nervous prostration, or exhaustion, owing to congestion or to disorder of the special functions. The waste products should be quickly got rid of, the local source of irritation relieved and the system invigorated, with the "Preor, the local source of irritation relieved and the system invigorated with the "Prescription." Do not take the so-called celery compounds, and nervines which only put the nerves to sleep, but get a lasting cure with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

"FEMALE WEAKNESS."

Mrs. WILLIAM HOOVER, of Bellville, Mrs. WILLIAM HOOVER, of Bells Richland Co., Ohio, writes: "I had been a great sufferer from feutale weakness;" I tried three doctors; they did me no good; I thought I was an invalid forever. But I heard ever. But I heard of Dr. Pierce's Fa-vorite Prescription, and then I wrote to him and he told me iust how to take it. I took eight bottles. MRS. HOOVER I could stand on my feet only a short time, and now I do all my work for my family of five." troops are being pushed forward as rapidly as possible toward Secul.

The Westminster Gazette publishes a decrease.

troops are being pushed forward as rapidly as possible toward Scoul.

The Westminster Gazette publishes a despatch announcing the safe arrival at Port Arthur of all the Chinese transports from which troops were being landed at the mouth of the Yalu River when the attack was made by the Japanese fleet on Rept. 17.

The Westminster Gazette says that, seconding to a London news agency, it is rumored in Shanghal that the Japanese fleet which engaged the Chinese squadron on the 17th inst, englured the transports Chintung, Haesing, Heingu, and Toonan, which were landing troops at the mouth of the Yalu River.

The same agency is authority for the statement that the North China News publishes the announcement under reserve that M. Cassini, the Russian Minister at Pekin, will be recalled, and that the post thus made vacant will be filled by M. Hitrovo, the present Russian Minister to Japan.

A business firm of this city last evening received a cable despatch from Yokohama requesting that a gunboat be ordered to proceed at once to that port to protect the British subjects residing there, whose lives, the despatch declares, are in danger.

The firm to which the despatch was addressed will to-day approach Lord Rimberley, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, with reference to the matter.

A Japanese officer now in London has re-

of State for Foreign allairs, with reterence the matter.

A Japanese officer now in London has received a cablegram dated Hiroshima, Sept. 22, confirming the Tokio despatch regarding the naval engagement of the 17th. This officer's advices say that a great victory was won by the Japanese, none of whose ships was sunk, though some were damaged to a greater or less extent.

Japanese. none of whose ships was sunk, though some were damaged to a greater or less extent.

Lord Charles Heresford, in an interview today, said the result of the recent naval engagement between the Chinese and Japanese fleets at Valu proves the imperative necessity for an adequate number of cruisers. If the Japanese had more of the cruiser type of vessels they would have tackled the Chinese ships in the open sea, and had the Chinese been better supplied with cruisers they ought to have been able to mancuvre and secure a better position instead of being kept close in shore by the enemy's ships. Otherwise the opposing fleets were evenly matched.

The battle proves that the powers of offence of modern fleets are infinitely superior to their powers of defence, and this shows the importance of more auxiliaries, such as dockyards, and reserves of munitions, coal, and mer.

"Immediately war is declared." said Lord Beresford, "we ought to attack and never stop attacking to stand on the defensive sione. Command of the sea depends upon auxiliaries quite as much as upon the number of ships. If two combatants are compelled by damage to suspend hostilities victory will rest upon the one who first gets to sea again after making repairs."

JAPANESE REJOICE.

They Celebrate the Victories of Ping-Yang

Japanese of this city met last evening at the Japanese Club, 227 West Twenty-fifth street, to celebrate the recent victories over the Chinese. About sixty of them were present, and Japanese songs were sung and patriotic speeches were made. The principal address was by the Rev. Satori Kato, superintendent of the Tokio mission, who said: "The 16th of September, 1894, is one of the

greatest days in the events of the world's history, the day being especially our own. The great land victory at Ping-Yang was followed by the naval triumph of the Yalu Bay on the same date. Our army fought the force commanded by Europeans, and our navy engaged with the squadron also officered by Europeans. We are certainly not surprised at the proficiency

with the squadron also officered by Europeans. We are certainly not surprised at the proficiency of his Majesty's army and navy. The war is a righteous one, since it is waged against Chinese desperadoes. China disturbed the peace of the East. Without an arbitrament of the sword she cannot be awakened from her optum dreams.

"Our real enemy, however, is not the Chinese, of the boastful powers in Europe we must beware. Japan has a momentous mission, namely, to civilize the nations in Asia. This charity is now being exercised in Corea.

"We owe gratitude to a certain extent to the United States, on whose soil we stand to-night. The night had just passed with us when Commodore Perry visited our shore. The morning had dawned upon our land and we were up, washed, dressed, and ready to receive him into our door. What I am most astonished at is that the Japanese elevation has been made known to the world in these days as being along the line of the efferts of blood and steel. But our real advance is not at warfare. Japan has unfurled the hanner of culture and intellect in the East. We are familiar with the arts of peace as well as the arts of war, just the same as Christendom.

"In religion, which is the base of real civilization, there is something more to do. But the missionaries have lately hindered its propagation. Listen to the words of Bishon Geodeell of the Methodist Church, who has orficially been in Japan, Corea, and China, in an address be delivered recently at Chamisoqua, N. Y. If the report is correct, he stated that the chances are decidedly in favor of China, and merchants take the word of a Chinaman before the bond of a Japanese. Undoubtedly an enterprise under the direction of such an ignorant, bigoted personage as he will be worse than a failure. In the matter of religion Japan is not yet ranked with Chirch, and if things. It is most the decided of the missionaries.

"We celebrate our recent victory and render thanks to the Sovereign Lord of all. God preserves all events and works in all things. It is

Department to the widows and orphans o who have bravely died for our nativ

"ON TO PEKIN."

This is Now the Rallying Cry Throughout the Japanese Empire.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-Mail advices from Japan received at the Japanese legation here say that the Progressionist party in Japan has issued a manifesto giving its views with regard to the prosecution of the war. The most inter esting announcements are these:

" Of the various powers in the world cayable of being the most dangerous enemies to Japan is China, after which come Great Britain France, Russia, and Germany in the given order. " To settle the contest decisively and to insurthe permanent peace of the Orient it is necessary to strike a blow at the heart of the enemy,

"In three months more the mouth of th river on which Tien-tsin is situated will freeze. river on which Tien-tsin is situated will freeze, thus blocking up the passage till the next spring. Therefore, it is essential that Pekin should be attacked within the next three months. "Pekin once taken, the Chinese army in Corea would surrender at discretion, and, therefore, whenever possible, fighting in Corea should be avoided."

Complete harmony prevails among Japanese of all sorts and conditions, irrespective of party or faction. "On to Pekin," is the national rallying cry.

DOWAGER EMPRESS OF CHINA. The Great Celebration in Her Honor Postponed on Account of the War.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Stories have been printed recently of the enormous amount of money spent on the birthday celebration of the Dowager Empress of China, and this lavish expenditure was harshly criticised as revealing the selfish character of the Empress. It appears, however, that injustice has been done her, as she has ordered the money to be devoted to pro-

as she has ordered the money to be devoted to proaccuting the war with Japan. Dr. T. F. Scott, a
missionary, who has just returned from Tientsin,
said to-day:

"In consequence of the war the Dowager Empress will not celel rate the sixtieth annuversary
of her birthday this year. The ceremony has
been looked forward to for several years, and
20,000,000 tacis have been raised for the purpose, that the event might be observed with all
aplendor.

Now the entire celebration has been abandoned at the request of the Dowager Evocation

splendor.

Now the entire celebration has been abandoned at the request of the Dowager Empresa herself. She has requested that the 20,000,000 tacks raised for the purpose be utilized in prosecuting the war with Japan."

Japan to Solf-reliant.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—So many Americans have applied to the Japanese legation for employment in the service of Japan during the present war that, in order to answer such ap-plications promptly, the Minister has been obliged to have recourse to a printed circular, which reads as follows: "This Legation is in receipt of numerous in-

quiries whether the Japanese Government intends to employ foreign subjects or citizens in

any capacity during the present war with China, either in active military services or as surgeons. either in active military services or as surgeona, or other employment, directly or indirectly connected with the war.

White appreciating the friendly sentiments which have caused so many persons to spek to enter the service of Japan at this crisis. I regret that I can only return a negative reply to such inquiries. The various lines of service to which they refer have been for years part of an organized system in successful operation, and consequently at this juncture the Japanese Government does not feel under the Japanese Government does not feel under the Japanese for semploying any persons in addition to those who have been trained to perform the duties of such services.

It Will Pay You

To invest in a few bottles of Hood's Sarsa-parilla, before the approach of cold weather. With pure blood you need not tear the Grip, Pneumonis, Diphtheria, or fevera,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

ures Com these complaints.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
makes pure blood and builds up the whole
system. Take it now and it will make you
strong and healthy and prevent sickness. Hood's Pills cure biliousness, 25c,

TWO CONGRESSMEN TURNED DOWN O'Nell and McEttrick of Boston Patt to Get

Benominations, BOSTON, Sept. 22. - State Schator John F. Fitsrerald will be the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Ninth district, and Congressman McEttrick will run as an independent candidate in the Tenth district. These are the two featares of the Boston caucuses held last night by the Democratic party.

These were the first primaries held by the

party under the new cancus act requiring the use of the Australian ballot system. This fact and the immense vote brought out by the ex-citement in the Congressional fights made the counting of the votes a big task, and not until this morning was it possible to get definite in-formation. In the Ninth district Fitzgerald

this morning was it possible to get definite information. In the Nimth district Fitzgerald will have 87 delegates to the Convention, and Congressman O'Neil 78.

W. S. McNary defeated Congressman M. J. McEttrick. He is a young journalist who has served in the State Senate, and is as present a member of the Heard of Water Commissioners. He was the regular nominee two years ago, but was defeated by McEttrick at the polls.

John F. Fitzgerald, who has beaten Congressman O'Neil, is one of the leaders of the young Democracy in Massarhusetts. He is about 30 years old, and has held office only during the last two years. In 1892 he served as Conneilman from Ward 0, and the next year he secured the Democratic nomination for Senator in his district and was elected. During his term in the Senate he was one of the mest active and prominent members in that body, and attracted much attention throughout the State by his agreement issued to-day that he will run independently, and there is now the certainty of a strangular fight in the district, the same as two years ago, with Mr. McEttrick on the independent ticket against the regular Democrat.

Mr. McEttrick says that he did not go into the cancuses last night, and that the matter will not be settled until election day.

SOUTH CAROLINA POLITICS.

Fenre That the Democratic Faction Pight May Result in a Dual Government WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-The political situation in South Carolina is said to be of such .

character as to excite the gravest feare. The alarm is by no means confined to the possibility of the defeat of the straight-out Democrats by the Tillmanites, but is occasioned by indications that the election will be followed by a dual Government in the State, and all the

indications that the election will be followed by a dual Government in the State, and all the riot and bloodshed that accompanies a perturbed condition.

The straight-out Democrats will hold a convention next Tuesday, at which time, if the present programme is carried out, they will put a full teket in the field, including legislative candidates in all the counties.

The next move will be an attempt to displace Senator Irby as the South Carolina member of the National Democratic Committee, and a delegation of the Butier Democrats will wait upon Chairman Harrity at Philadelphia with the request that this action be taken.

Just what is to be gained by this move is hard to realize, especially when the chances are almost a thousand to one that it will not be successful, as all precedents have been against the interference of the National Committee in local disputes of this nature.

In addition to this the Congressional Campaign Committee will be appealed to to sustain the Butier Democrats in the fight for the Logislature. The ground upon which this appeal is to be made is unknown. As the committee has no power to enter a State and interfere with Senatorial elections, the appeal will probably be decided in the negative.

It is believed here that should the Butlerites and the Tillmanifes make a square issue at the poils, neither will be satisfied with the result, but each will claim the victory, set up a government and send as Senator to Washington. In that case the Senate would have to examine into the whole question, and a long controversy would be the result.

HOKE SMITH'S CAMPAIGN.

His Georgia Speeches Almost Exclusively ATLANTA, Sept. 22. - Hoke Smith spoke yesterday to an audience of 5,000 people in Thomas large as yesterday's in Wayeross, a small town on the Savannah Florida and Western Railroad, in Representative Turner's district. In these two meetings he has spoken to an audience representing every county in southern Georgia. Secretary Smith follows the line of his Atlanta Secretary Smith follows the line of his Atlanta speech, directing his remarks almost entirely to the financial question. To-day he spoke two hours on that subject, against the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 or any other ratio unless absolute parity of gold and silver could be maintained.

At Waycross to-day Fleming G. Dubignon of Savannah, ex-President of the Senate and one of the most popular young Democratic politicians in Georgia, also spoke. He followed the same line on the silver question as Secretary Smith. Secretary Smith returned to Atlanta to-night. He will speak in Macon on Monday night.

Senator Gorman at Home. LAUREL, Md., Sept. 22.—Senator Gorman had eturned from Saratoga. He is looking well,

and says he is in better health than he has been

at any time for the past year. He intends to rest quietly at home here, and is not taking any part at present in the coming elections. A Strike Leader Nominated for ShortZ. WOODLAND, Cal., Sept, 22.-Harry Know. leader of the late strike, who is charged with complicity in train wrecking at Sacramento, and is now out on ball, has been unanimously nominated for Sheriff of Yolo county by the People's party.

Named for Congress New York-Twenty-eighth district, Ell McConnell of Penn Yan, Dem.
Penn Yan, Dem.
Michigan—Sinth district, C. C. Chittenden, Rep.
Missouri—Tenth district, *B. Bartholdt, Rep.
Louisiana—First district, H. P. Kernochan, Rep.
lilinois—Stath districk, E. D. Cook, Rep.
*Renominated.

Named for the Assembly. Montgomery County—Hardy Gardiner of Araca, Pro-hibitionist, and E. Watson Gardiner of Amstardam, Republican.

The Weather,

The high pressure area with fair weather covered all the Atlantic States yeaterday, but is slowly dissipating or moving off and an area of low pressure developing considerable storm energy is now travelling castward over the lake region and may produce increasing cloudiness and showers to night in this It was raining yesterday about Lakes Superior and

Mentgan and high winds was beginning to blow from all eldes of the storm centre, which was over upper Michigan.

West of this storm area, coming in from the north Partity Ocean, was a second area of high pressure, with clear, colder weather; the temperature just north of Montana felt below freezing point. It was fair and slightly warmer in this city. Highest official temperature S4'; lowest 64', average hu-midity 60 per cent; wind south average velocity 13 miles an hour; becometer con-

miles, an hour; barometer corrected to read to sea level at 8 A. M., 30.11, 3 P. M. 30.05. The thermometer at Perry's pharmacy, firs building, recorded the temperature yesterday as follows:

Average on Sept. 22, 1803..... WARRINGTON PURECASE FOR SUNDAY.

New Jersey, Delaware, and Margiand, generally fair; south winds. For western Pennsylvania, western New York, and Ohio, generally fair, except showers on the takes; probably cooler Morelay; south winds.

The Metropolitan Telephone Company, 18 Cortlandt st., now offers a new rate to small users --- physicians, residences, private stables, &c .-- \$100 to \$150 per

1890; 1894, 197 67; 83.80 P.M.... 584 65; 6 P.M.... 64 70; 9 P.M.... 71* 77; 12 3001 1693, 1894, 177° 81° 150° 10° 91° 10°

For New England and eastern New York, fair; south secut scinita. For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania

year, according to use. Full long-distance equipment.